## Threaded Acorn Box 101

bradley davis - lamont, lowa


# The objective of this presentation is to provide a set of step by step instructions on how to make a threaded acorn box. 

The set of instructions will include the following:
-Designing the acorn box
-Setting up the dome chuck
-Pictures and notes of the key steps

Also included will be a set of instructions published by David Lindow

## Designing your Acorn Box

$\qquad$




The Line


Offset Adjustment - In determining how far you move the box away from center, you put your compass point'on THE LINE and adjust it until you can connect point $\mathbf{b}$ with $\mathbf{c}$. In this case, my compass point was at point a. The distance from a to $\mathbf{d}$ is my offset adjustment.

The depth and width of the interior of the box can also be measured. In this instance,
I made the cavity $1.2 "$ wide by 1.3 " deep.



Threading Information for 16 tpi
Female threads - cut 0.038 "
Male Tenon $1.2+(0.38$ X 2$)=1.276-$ cut $0.055 "$

Draw your lid relief here.


Determine the relative shape of your lid. Then place compass on point a and connect point $\mathbf{b}$ point $\mathbf{c}$


Draw 2 parallel lines at point a and point $\mathbf{b}$. Draw a perpendicular line connecting these same points.


Measure the distance between point $\mathbf{a}$ and point $\mathbf{b}$ and find the halfway point. In this case the distance between the 2 points was 1.2 " so the halfway point is $0.6^{\prime \prime}$. Draw a line perpendicular to line $\mathbf{a b}$ and carry it all the way to line $\mathbf{c}$. The angle formed from line C and Line D will be the angle at which you will set the
Eccentric Cutting Frame on the Hardinge Cross Slide.
The angle in this instance is 34 degrees.

Line D
Depending on the desired size of "knob" and the cutter used, you take $1 / 2$ of $1.18(0.59)$ and add 0.125 for the center point cutter. $0.059+0.125=0.7150$ In my case I wanted to undersize the lid so I set my cutter to 0.637 " It becomes personal preference at this point!

After the base is threaded and mounted on the dome chuck, you will make these adjustments. The cutter will be lowered 0.66 " below the rim of the box. The box will be moved away from center and towards the cutter 0.216 ". Once the lid is mounted, you set the ECF to 34 degrees and adjust your cutter diameter to 0.637 " If everything is done correctly, you will get the shape that you have drawn!

Here is everything you will need to make this project


Truing up the blank on my metal lathe


My finished blank with tenons


Box marked and ready to be split


## Base split on traditional lathe



## Both halves split



Beginning the alignment process of the cross slide


Check the alignment of the compound slide


Make sure that the drill frame is in alignment Also check level of cross slide


Set the headstock to match cross slide and set indicator to zero


Begin squaring off the face


When I think that I am cutting all around the face, I set the compound dial to 0.098


I make one final cut of .002 "


I tape dial so I don't bump it.


Once I am across the face, I remove tape and begin plunge cut.


Since I can't remember what I had for breakfast I make myself a cut checklist


Here is the beginning of my plunge cut for the hollowing process


Cut list complete


Once I've completed cutting 1.3", I tape handle again.


Hollowing out the middle


Checking the diameter with a telescoping gauge set to 1.20 ".


Cutting a chamfer on the interior lip on my lathe


Squaring off the lid face


Once face is smooth a cut 0.325 " deep is made


I tape the dial of the compound


Cutting the male thread tenon to 1.276 "


Finished tenon 1.276" X $0.325 "$


## Chamfered edge



Cut 0.1875 relief with a parting tool


Setting up to decorate the bottom of the lid. 24 bump rosette 0.068 amplitude.


To create a swirling pattern on the bottom of the lid, I use the 192 division portion on the crossing wheel


## Did I mention that the sunsets are sometimes beautiful in

Lamont, Iowa


Prior to cutting I make myself a cutting recipe



Setting up for threading. Using Gorsts feel-o-meter


You guessed it, I use a lot of blue tape. Once I set the threading procedure, I do not move the compound until both leads are complete. Cutting depth will be 0.055 "


A view of the threading attachment


Lock in place

I set up a dial indicator against the compound to measure depth of cut.


This is a good sign when my test acorn fits on the threads


This is an acorn where I used the measurements for a larger diameter acorn and I almost cut through.

Here is the lid off the lathe


Base mounted and ready for threading


Use the dial indicator to measure depth of cut for female threads.
Indicator on compound. Depth will be 0.038".


A check with my test acorn lid.


A blind squirrel finds an acorn once in a while.


## Setting up the Dome Chuck

Using your 4" level, take a reading


Using your 24 bump rosette and the rounded 45 degree rubber, place the rubber in the valley of the rosette.


A picture of the clock key



Place the level on the first slide (closest to the headstock) and adjust with clock key until it is level with the headstock.


Rotate 90 degrees and place level on the second slide
st slide


2nd slide

If it is not level, the easiest way is to adjust it with these 4 screws


The leveling is now complete


Set up to zero out the dome chuck


This operation is not necessary for this exercise however if you ever need to make sure your UCF is at center, you make a cut, rotate 180 degrees, and if they are different, you adjust your tool post holder


When they line up you are level


This is a critical step to insure that your UCF is at the exact center of the spindle. Your second slide should be parallel to the table. Make one cut, rotate 180 degrees and make a second cut.


Adjust the UCF until you get this result


A close up



This is my set up for moving the UCF down 0.66 " from the lip of the box.


A close up of the universal cutting frame at the lip of the box



Metal bar clamped to top of dome chuck

Dial indicator to measure orienting UCF 0.66 "
from top of rim

There we are...Universal Cutting Frame $0.66^{\prime \prime}$ below lip of box


Place dial indicator against 2 nd slide and move towards
the indicator $0.216 "$


Another picture of the set up


## Centering base in the Talon Chuck



Rough shape the outside of the box


1 st cut you usually remove a lot of material. Subsequent cuts "not so much."


Cuts every 15 degrees


I am moving the cutting frame towards the acorn so I can get smooth, crisp ridges. Notice the dark spots in the circle


Flat spots

Finished


Setting up to decorate the bottom. Headstock is level.


Here I am setting up


I am using the clock key to orient the cutter so the ridges come to a point at the base. Not necessary but adds a little flair!!


Now I know why my wife does not want me to cut my hair so short!


Finished base


Mount base on lid and lightly mark edge with pencil so you can determine how much chamfer you will need.


Chamfered edge


Lid mounted on waste block


Lid rounded on Oneway lathe


Prior to cutting I determine where I want the compound to finish. The dark line represents the uncut edge of the lid. As you can see, I will be making the lid slightly narrower in diameter.


A view of the set up

Cross slide is taped and will not be adjusted

Depth of cut will be made with the compound slide


Eccentric cutting head mounted in drill frame. Compound is set at 34 degrees


Cutting away. I chose to use the 24 bump pumping rosette.


Finished


Together at last!



